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Kenſington, July 2.

THIS Day the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common-Council of the City of *London*, preſented an humble Addreſs to Her Majeſty, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*, Lord Chamberlain of Her Majeſty's Houſhold.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of *London*, in Common-Council Aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign!

WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg leave gratefully to acknowledge Your Majeſty's conſtant Care, not only in preſerving and improving our preſent Happineſs; but alſo, in providing for the future Safety and Proſperity of Your Kingdoms, and of the Proteſtant Succeſſion in the Illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover; *by iſſuing ſo Seaſonably a Proclamation, promiſing a Reward out of Your Own Revenue, as an Encouragement for Apprehending the* Pretender, *when he ſhall Land, or Attempt to Land, in any of Your Majeſty's Dominions; and by giving Your ready Aſſent to the Bill for preventing the Growth of* Schiſm; *and for the Security of the Churches of* England *and* Ireland, *as by Law Eſtabliſhed.*

The Experience this City hath had of Your Majeſty's Goodneſs and Concern for Your People, is ſuch, that (under GOD*) they place their Dependence upon Your Majeſty; and do take this Opportunity humbly to aſſure Your Majeſty, That they will do the utmoſt that lies in them, to extinguiſh the Hopes of the* Pretender, *and of all his Open and Secret Abettors, and to obviate the Dangers that may ariſe from* Popery *or* Schiſm; *and they will, with that Duty and Loyalty which becomes them, to the utmoſt of their Power, oppoſe all Attempts which may be made under any Pretence whatſoever, to weaken Your Authority, which always has been, and we are confident always will be, imployed for the Good of all Your Subjects, or to render that Reign Uneaſy to You, which has been ſo Happy to Your People; the long continuance whereof, is the greateſt Bleſſing which we can ask of Heaven!*

To which Addreſs Her Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt Gracious Anſwer.

I Thank You heartily for Your Addreſs; and You may depend upon My Care of You, and all My good Subjects.

Baden, June 23. *N. S.* The Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor and the moſt Chriſtian King, confer together ſix times a Week, and for three or four Days paſt, they have been much longer than uſual. They admit no other Miniſters to their Meetings, but receive Propoſals from them relating to the Intereſts of their reſpective Princes, and afterwards conſider them at their private Conferences. The Imperial Plenipotentiaries have receiv'd Orders not to have any Communication with Monſieur de Mellarede, Miniſter of his Sicilian Majeſty. The Prince de Chablais, Plenipotentiary of Spain, has been here for ſome time Incognito, and he has not yet been viſited by any other Miniſter. The Bailiff of this City has ordered a Libel upon the laſt War in Switzerland, between the Cantons of Zurich and Berne, and the Abbot de St. Gall, to be burnt by the common Hangman. The Roman Catholick Cantons have deſired a delay of eight Days, before they ſend their Deputies to Frawensfeld, during which time they are to hold an Aſſembly among themſelves at Lucerne. This has been yielded to by the Proteſtants, who intend in like manner to meet at Zurzach.

Hanover, July 3. *N. S.* His Electoral Highneſs is expected here in a ſhort time from Pirmond. Moſt of the Miniſters have taken the Opportunity of his abſence to retire to their Country Houſes. The Plenipotentiaries at the Congreſs of Brunſwick have held no Conferences of late, for treating of a Peace in the North, and all publick Buſineſs has been at a ſtop there for ſome time. The Counts Flemming and Wackerbart, Plenipotentiaries of King Auguſtus, had promiſed to come back from Dreſden, but it is now thought the former will accompany the King his Maſter into Poland, and that the other will return to his Poſt at Vienna. We have receiv'd advice, that a Swediſh Privateer had made a Deſcent upon the Iſle of Amar in Jutland, and had laid a Tax upon the Houſes, carrying away four of the Principal Inhabitants as Hoſtages. They write from Stockholm, that the States of the Kingdom were again convened, in order to deliberate upon the Treaty of Marriage between the Princeſs Ulrica Eleonora and the Hereditary Prince of Heſſe Caſſel. General Ducker had been very preſſing with the Senate, to withdraw the Troops of Holſtein out of Pomerania, that thoſe of Sweden might be the better able to ſubſiſt there.

Paris, July 4. *N. S.* On the 23d paſt the King returned from Rambouillet to Marli. The ſame day Mareſchal Berwick ſet out Poſt for Catalonia. Monſieur de Pontchartrain having reſolved to paſs the reſt of his Life in Retirement, hath reſign'd his Employment of Chancellor of France, and Monſieur de Voyſin, Secretary and Miniſter of State, is appointed to ſucceed him. Some Days ago the Dutcheſs of Bouillon died at Clichy near this Place, in the 64th Year of her Age. Monſieur Goſlinga, one of the Ambaſſadors of the States-General, is gone from hence, in order to return to the Hague. On the 26th at Night a Fire broke out in the Houſe of Monſieur d'Aguiſſeau, Councellor of State. This Accident has been attributed to the Negligence of his Secretary, who was unfortunately burnt in his Bed. They write from Perpignan, that the French Troops, deſigned for the reduction of Barcelona, were arrived in the Province of Rouſſillon, and were marching over the Mountains, in order to encamp at Figueras upon the Ter, where they are commanded to wait for Mareſchal Berwick, till whoſe arrival the Bombardment of Barcelona hath been diſcontinued.

Hague,